Comboni Missionaries' First Evangelisation, Abortion, The Gospel of Life. - <u>Part I:</u> **Formation of People's Conscience**

References

MCCJ Documents - References – Websites

Evangelisation MCCJ - XVII General Capter

Evangelisation (the Chapter Acts on Evangelisation) <u>http://www.comboni.org//contenuto/view/id/105260</u>

Justice, Peace and the Integrity of Creation (JPIC) http://www.comboni.org//contenuto/view/id/105260

25. To become more aware of the themes of JPIC

25.1 We are aware of the need to establish clear directives about the treatment of our workers so that they comply with ecclesial and civil legislation in the different countries (cf. Code of Conduct, 122.2.5).

25.2 We reaffirm the choice made at the previous General Chapter regarding our involvement in the direction of the Social Ministry Institute at Tangaza College in Nairobi because of its significant role in the formation of leaders on the African continent (CA 2003, 123).

25.3 The GC, in consultation with the Circumscriptions at continental level, should organise specialisations for confreres, in particular for Brothers, in relevant areas of JPIC.

26. Lobbying and advocacy

26.1 Circumscriptions should, together with other bodies, promote activities of lobbying and advocacy at continental level, paying particular attention to immigrants and refugees.

(GPIC)

Letter to the members of the three Comboni Institutes on Justice/Peace and the Integrity of creation

http://www.comboni.org/contenuto/view/id/100875The Synod for Africa offers a concrete application: "If the proclamation of justice and peace is an integral part of the task of evangelization, it follows that the promotion of these values should also be a part of the pastoral program of each Christian community." . Africa

7. Africa is a continent with diverse situations. In a world controlled by rich and powerful nations it is often considered an irrelevant appendix but in fact is exploited and even manipulated.

.....Increasing poverty, uncontrolled urbanization, corruption, the international debt, the arms trade, the problem of refugees and displaced persons, demographic concerns and threats to the family, the spread of AIDS, the survival of the practice of slavery in some places, figure among the fundamental issues in Africa.

America

8. In America we encounter problems that threaten the dignity of the human person, the family, marriage, education, working conditions, the quality of life and life itself. Neo-liberalism leads to massive external debt,

Asia

9. Rapid changes are taking place within Asian societies.....

.....Tourism has a devastating influence upon morality in many Asian countries, manifested in the degradation of young women and even children through prostitution.

.....Several Asian countries face difficulties related to population growth, which is not merely a demographic or economic problem but especially a moral one.

Europe

10. In Europe we find an increasing economic inequality between East and West, with violent nationalism and hedonistic individualism as negative consequences.

Ecological Concern

11. The consumption of fossil fuels together with the ongoing deforestation produces a greenhouse effect There is a global and systematic attack on life. Many species of animals and plants are threatened by extinction.

The Kingdom of God and life giving relationships

18. Jesus never defined the Kingdom of God. He described it in parables and in concepts like life, glory, joy and light.

Paul describes the content of the Kingdom of God with "justice, peace and joy." In the New Testament the concept of justice is linked to the Kingdom theme insofar as justice refers to life-giving relationships. The whole ministry of Jesus is geared towards re-establishing those relationships on which the covenant was built. His image of God as the compassionate one and the Good Shepherd is concerned with life-giving relationships.

Integrity of Creation

19. We belong to creation and creation has been entrusted to us,.... Based on our faith in Jesus Christ, we are continuously challenged to respond in a creative way to today's problems concerning the integrity of creation.

Shalom - the fullness of life

20. Peace is a reality that follows wherever justice reigns. Peace cannot exist without justice.

God needs us to set people free

21. The Lord is determined to set oppressed people free and end the suffering of this world. But he needs people who are willing to give their talents and gifts to discover new ways through which he then will accomplish his dream. God has created us for a specific service which he has not given to any other. The privilege of being a missionary consists in having been called to share in a special way in the mission of Christ for a life giving transformation of the world into God's final design. In the Comboni missionary family we have a good tradition of this struggle for transformation.

Comboni's holistic option

22. Daniel Comboni had the transformation of the African world of his time at heart. He was sensitive to the human, social, religious and cosmic cry of Central Africa. It needed to be liberated from idolatry and superstition, but also from slavery, hunger, disease, famine and marginalization. That is why Comboni not only wanted seminaries for the formation of local priests and pastoral agents, but also universities for the training of African leaders in the political, cultural and scientific fields.

Our dreams

24. With the beginning of the new millenium we live in a favored time. It challenges us to make a special effort in building life giving relationshipslook towards the future with hope, share the natural environment and preserve the beauty and species of the animal and plant world for the generations to come.

We long for a society based on solidarity and fundamental equality and complementarity of women and men where nobody is exploited because of sex, age or race. We long for a society where globalization serves the human person rather than aiming at profit.

Re-qualification of our missionary service

28. There is a wide scope for re-qualifying our missionary service. This means that some will need a preparation in the field of economics, politics, human rights questions, conflict resolution, peace building and social communication. Some will need a specific preparation to live and work in situations of violence and war.

VI. Pointers for concrete action

Local level

34. To allow our commitment for justice, peace and integrity of creation to come down from "our head to our heart"In analyzing the personal, community and social/political context and after community discernment we may discover surprising opportunities to heal internal conflicts and also to develop initiatives in areas like: liturgies, reconciliation, awareness building, marginalization, ecology, situations of violence, human rights issues, land issues, employment, ethnic conflicts, corruption, child labor, role of women, homeless, landless, lobbying etc. VII. Conclusion

40. The Jubilee Year

Celebrating the jubilee of redemption, in the context of the present social, economic, political and religious difficulties, we are inspired anew by Comboni's passion for the regeneration and transformation of the world. Our common tradition invites us to make a fresh start into the third millenium with the impetus and courage of blessed Daniel Comboni and move from the Pierced Heart of Jesus - the source of life and reconciliation - to the Heart of today's world.

Other Documents

http://www.comboni.org/contenuto/view/id/101941

Dr R., L. Walley <u>http://matercare.org/</u>

The 7th conference of Catholic Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ob/gyns) organized, by MaterCare International (MCI) was held in Rome from the 5th - 9th of November 2008.

This retreat style conference brought together a distinguished group of international speakers to consider Hope in the light of the Holy Father's Encyclical Spe Salvi, and discussed International Human Rights Legislation, Humanae Vitae, Training and the Ethical Practice of Obstetrics. A special forum was held on the right of ob/gyns to practice according to conscience.

The proceedings may be found on MCI's website, www.matercare.org.

MCI aims to be a prophetic witness by reflecting on the Gospel values of Life and Love as presented to us in the late Holy Father's Encyclical, **Evangelium Vitae**, and most recently in the present Holy Father's first Encyclical Deus Caritas Est.

IPPF Clients

http://woodseerclient.wordpress.com/category/ingos/

- PHBI, Indonesia and FPOP, The Philippines
- UNICEF
- IPPF
- Mercy Malaysia
- MSF Operational Center OCG
- PT Foundation ISEAN/Hivos Global fund
- Seksualiti Merdeka
- Arogya Holisitc Care Centre
- MSF Operational Center OCBA
- MSF Operational Center OCG
- The Safe Clinic
- MSF International and MSF India
- MSF Switzerland
- Redi Centre
- MSF Operational Center OCG
- PT Foundation / Yayasan PT
- MSF South Africa
- DonAid
- MSF Operational Center OCBA
- MSF Hong Kong
- Skytrex Adventure Sdn bhd

CATEGORIES

- o Business
- Expertise Centers
- Government
- INGOsNGOs & CBOs
 - UN

Worldwide Abortion Statistics

Facts and figures relating to the incidence of abortion worldwide.

The Alan Guttmacher Institute (AGI) along with the World Health Organization (WHO)

(Pro-Abortion) provides data on induced abortion worldwide.

WORLDWIDE INCIDENCE AND TRENDS

- The number of induced abortions declined worldwide between 1995 and 2003, from nearly 46 million to approximately 42 million. About one in five pregnancies worldwide end in abortion.
- For every 1,000 women of childbearing age (15–44) worldwide, 29 were estimated to have had an induced abortion in 2003, compared with 35 in 1995.
- The decline in abortion incidence was greater in developed countries, where nearly all abortions are safe and legal (from 39 to 26 abortions per 1,000 women aged 15-44), than in developing countries, where more than half are unsafe and illegal (from 34 to 29).
- Most abortions occur in developing countries—35 million annually, compared with seven million in developed countries— a disparity that largely reflects the relative population distribution.
- On the other hand, a woman's likelihood of having an abortion is similar whether she lives in a developed or developing region; in 2003, there were 26 abortions per 1,000 women aged 15–44 in developed countries compared with 29 per 1,000 in developing countries.
- More than one-third of the approximately 205 million pregnancies that occur worldwide annually are unintended, and about 20% of all pregnancies end in induced abortion.
- Of the 23 million pregnancies that occur in developed countries, more than 40% are unintended, and 28% end in induced abortion.
- Of the 182 million pregnancies that occur in developing countries, more than one-third are unintended, and 19% end in induced abortion (8% are safe procedures and 11% are unsafe).
- Worldwide, medication abortion has gained broad acceptance. At least 39 countries have registered mifepristone, 35 in the last 10 years.

REGIONAL INCIDENCE AND TRENDS

- The most dramatic decline in abortion incidence occurred in Eastern Europe, a region where abortion is, for the most part, legal and safe: the rate fell from 90 to 44. The decrease coincided with substantial increases in contraceptive use in the region.
- Although abortion rates and ratios (the number of abortions for every 100 births) in Eastern Europe have fallen significantly in recent years, they remain higher than in any other region. In 2003, there were more abortions than births in that region (105 abortions for every 100 births).
- The estimated number of induced abortions in Africa has increased since 1995; however, the region's abortion rate has declined because of an increase in the number of reproductive-age women.
- Induced abortion rates and numbers in Asia and Latin America show modest declines since 1995.

- The lowest abortion rate in the world is in Western Europe (12 per 1,000 women aged 15–44). The rate is 17 in Northern Europe and 21 in Northern America (Canada and the United States of America).
- Because the world's population is concentrated in Asia, most abortions occur there (26 million yearly); nine million of these take place in China.
- Between 1998 and 2007, the grounds on which abortion may be legally performed were broadened in 16 countries: Benin, Bhutan, Chad, Colombia, Ethiopia, Guinea, Iran, Mali, Nepal, Niger, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Swaziland, Switzerland, Thailand and Togo. Two territories and one state in Australia and six states in Mexico also liberalized their laws. In contrast, El Salvador and Nicaragua changed their already restrictive laws to prohibit abortion entirely.

The following chart is also taking from the AGI/WHO report:

Global and regional estim	nates of ind	luced abortior	n, 1995 an	d 2003	
Region and Subregion	No. of abortions (millions)		Abort	Abortion rate*	
	1995	2003	1995	2003	
World	45.6	41.6	35	29	
Developed countries	10.0	6.6	39	26	
Excluding Eastern	3.8	3.5	20	19	
Europe	5.0				
Developing countries†	35.5	35.0	34	29	
Excluding China	24.9	26.4	33	30	
Estimates by region					
Africa	5.0	5.6	33	29	
Asia	26.8	25.9	33	29	
Europe	7.7	4.3	48	28	
Latin America	4.2	4.1	37	31	
Northern America	1.5	1.5	22	21	
Oceania	0.1	0.1	21	17	
*Abortions per 1,000 wome	en aged 15-4	4	•		
† Those within Africa, th	ne Americas,	excluding Ca	nada and t	the United	
States of America, Asia,	excluding J	apan, and Oce	ania, excl	luding	
Australia and New Zealand	l				

http://www.asianews.it/news-en/With-its-one-child-policy,-China-has-killed-400-million-children,now-it-is-enough-26966.html

LA PIANIFICAZIONE MONDIALE DELL'ABORTO

di Rino Cammilleri

http://www.kattoliko.it/leggendanera/modules.php?name=News&file=article&sid=565

http://www.parrocchie.it/correggio/ascensione/pianificazione_mondiale.htm

Contro la Fertilita'

Il mensile del Pontificio Istituto Missioni Estere (PIME), Mondo e Missione, ha recentemente rivelato un altro documento a firma di Kissinger. E' giusto di quegli anni (1974); Kissinger allora presiedeva il Consiglio di Sicurezza degli Stati Uniti e Bush era direttore della CIA.

Si tratta di un memorandum segreto, intitolato National Security Study Memorandum 2000, contenente direttive da applicare in tredici Paesi del Terzo Mondo e indirizzato a poche persone (tra le quali il direttore della CIA).

I tredici Paesi in questione erano l'India, il Bangladesh, il Pakistan, la Nigeria, il Messico, le Filippine, la Thailandia, la Turchia, l'Etiopia, la Colombia e il Brasile.

Questo memorandum era incentrato sulla necessità per gli Stati Uniti di modificare entro il Duemila i livelli di fertilità dei suddetti tredici Paesi, i quali, a causa del rapido aumento demografico, avrebbero potuto, in un futuro non troppo lontano conseguire un crescente ruolo politico e strategico.

In soldoni, c'era da aspettarsi che la lievitazione della popolazione avrebbe spinto tali Paesi a rialzare il prezzo delle esportazioni delle materie prime da essi prodotte, compromettendo seriamente gli interessi degli Stati Uniti.

Foundations helping in Family Planning and Population Control

- Konrad Adenauer Stiftung e.V. (KAS)
- The Andrew Mellon Foundation
- The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation
- The European Foundation Center
- The David and Lucile Packard Foundation
- The Ford Foundation
- The John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation
- The Rockefeller Foundation
- The Summit Foundation
- The William and Flora Hewlett Foundation
- Wallace Global Fund

- See more at: <u>http://www.eurongos.org/Default.aspx?ID=1474#sthash.3wIMINUr.dpuf</u>

EuroNGOs and World-Wide Organisations (Pro-Abortion)

The European NGOs for Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights, Population and Development

Useful Links

Main topics:

- International and National Governmental Organisations
- International Non-Governmental Organisations
- European Non-Governmental Organisations (EuroNGOs)
- Scientific and Research Institutions
- Magazines and journals
- Networks
- Foundations

International and National Governmental Organisations

- Council of Europe
- European Commission
- European Parliament
- European Union HIV/AIDS Programme in Developing Countries
- Eurostat Statistical Office of the European Communities
- WHO Europe
- Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)
- United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)
- United Nations Commission on the Status of Women (CSW)
- United Nations Commission on Population and Development (CPD)
- United Nations Women
- United Nations International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (INSTRAW)
- United Nations Population Division (POPIN)
- United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)
- World Health Organization (WHO)
- U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)
- World Bank PovertyNet
- Womenwatch

Scientific and Research Organisations

- Global Reproductive Health Forum at the Harvard School of Public Health (GRHF)
- Johns Hopkins University (Center for Communications Program)
- Laboratory for Social and Economic Demography, University of Geneva
- Netherlands Interdisciplinary Demographic Institute (NIDI)
- Princeton University's Office of Population Research (OPR)
- Reproductive Health Online
- Royal Tropical Institute (Health and Sustainable Development)

Magazines and Journals <u>http://www.eurongos.org/Default.aspx?ID=1474</u>

- AIDS
- BMJ
- Entre Nous magazine
- Exchange on HIV/AIDS, Sexuality and Gender (KIT-Royal Tropical Institute)
- PLANetWIRE
- Reproductive Health Matters
- Studies in Family Planning (Population Council)

Non-governmental organisations

The full list of EuroNGOs Members is available here.

- Guttmacher Institute (AGI)
- Catholics for a Choice (CFFC)
- Center for Reproductive Rights
- Centre for Development and Population Activities (CEDPA)
- EngenderHealth
- Family Care International, (FCI)
- Family Health International (FHI)
- Global Alliance for Women's Health
- Global Health Council
- International Women's Health Coalition
- Ipas
- John Snow, Inc. (JSI)
- Médecins sans Frontières (MSF)
- National Family Planing and Reproductive Health Association (NFPRHA)
- Planned Parenthood Federation of America (PPFA)
- Population Action International, (PAI)
- Population Communications International (PCI)
- Population Council
- The Population Institute
- Population Reference Bureau (PRB)
- The Panos Institute
- Worldwatch Institute

Networks

- Asia Pacific Alliance (APA)
- ASTRA Network
- BOND
- CONCORD
- KARAT Coalition
- WIDE

Fr. Francesco Chemello mccj.

Leer - Unity State - Republic of South Sudan 22/08/2013 – "Mary Queen and Mother"